

Introduction to Omniperf

Presenter: Sam Antao LUMI Comprehensive Training Oct 31st, 2024

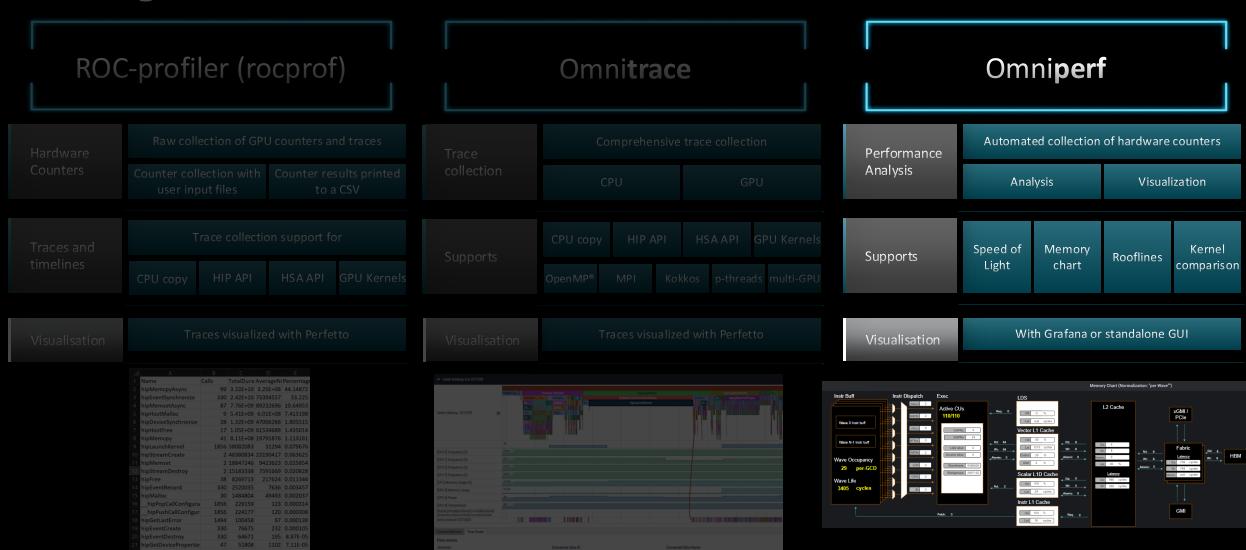


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LUMI Comprehensive Training

Background – AMD Profilers



LUMI Comprehensive Training

AMD together we advance_

Open-source Client-side Installation is Easy



Download the latest version from here: https://github.com/ROCM/omniperf/releases



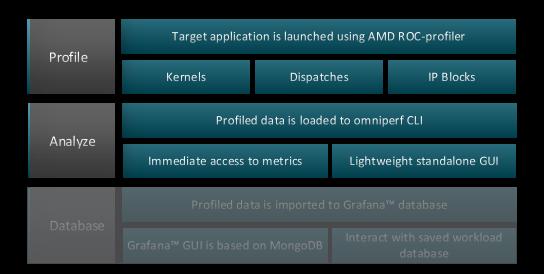
Full documentation: https://rocm.github.io/omniperf/

Dependencies

ROCm (>=6.0.0), Python™ (>=3.8), CMake (>=3.19)



Omniperf modes



Basic command-line syntax: Profile: \$ omniperf profile -n workload name [profile options] [roofline options] -- <CMD> <ARGS> Analyze: \$ omniperf analyze -p <path/to/workloads/workload name/mi200/> To use a lightweight standalone GUI with CLI analyzer: \$ omniperf analyze -p <path/to/workloads/workload name/mi200/> --gui Database: \$ omniperf database <interaction type> [connection options] For more information or help use -h/--help/? flags: \$ omniperf profile --help

For problems, create an issue here: https://github.com/AMDResearch/omniperf/issues
Documentation: https://amdresearch.github.io/omniperf

omniperf profile Arguments to Reduce Profiling Overhead

Runtime Filtering

--kernel, --ipblocks, --dispatch

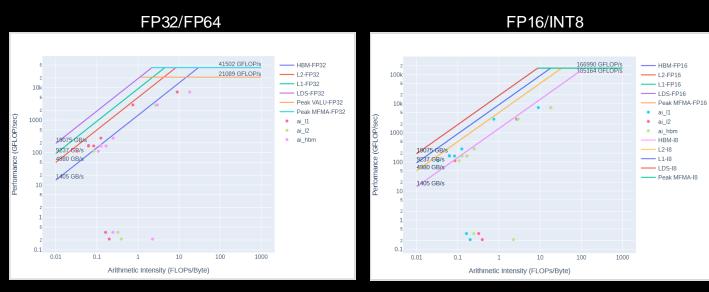
- The -k <kernel > flag allows for kernel filtering, which is compatible with the current rocprof utility.
- The -d <dispatch> flag allows for dispatch ID filtering, which is compatible with the current rocprof utility.
- The -b <ipblocks> allows system profiling on one or more selected IP blocks to speed up the profiling process. One can gradually incorporate more IP blocks, without overwriting performance data acquired on other IP blocks.

Note: the -k/--kernel flag takes a search string in omniperf profile



omniperf profile Arguments to Generate Roofline PDFs

- Runtime Filtering
 --kernel, --ipblocks, --dispatch
- Standalone Roofline Analysis
 - --roof-only, --kernel-names

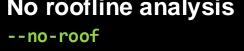


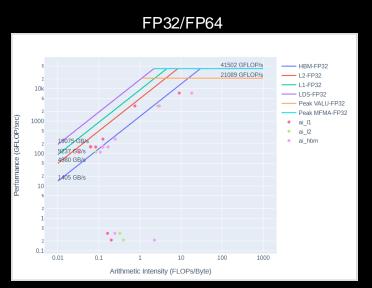
The above plots are saved as PDF output when the --roof-only option is used

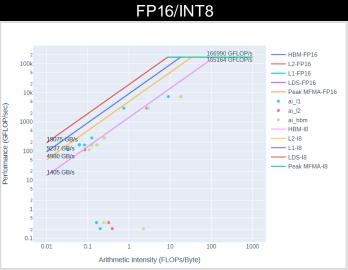


omniperf profile Argument to Turn Off Roofline Benchmarking

- Runtime Filtering --kernel, --ipblocks, --dispatch
- Standalone Roofline Analysis --roof-only, --kernel-names
- No roofline analysis







--no-roof will skip the roofline microbenchmark and omit roofline from output



Omniperf profiling

```
We use the example sample/vcopy.cpp from the Omniperf installation folder:
$ wget https://github.com/AMDResearch/omniperf/raw/main/sample/vcopy.cpp
Compile with hipco:
$ hipcc --offload-arch=gfx90a -o vcopy vcopy.cpp
Profile with Omniperf:
$ omniperf profile -n vcopy all -- ./vcopy 1048576 256
Profile only
omniperf ver: 1.0.4
Path: /pfs/lustrep4/scratch/project 462000075/markoman/omniperf-
1.0.4/build/workloads
Target: mi200
Command: ./vcopy 1048576 256
Kernel Selection: None
Dispatch Selection: None
IP Blocks: All
A new directory will be created called workloads/vcopy all
```

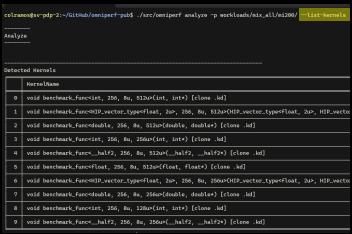
Note: Omniperf executes the code as many times as required to collect all HW metrics. Use kernel/dispatch filters especially when trying to collect roofline analysis.



omniperf analyze Arguments to Start With

List top kernels or view list of metrics

--list-kernels, --list-metrics



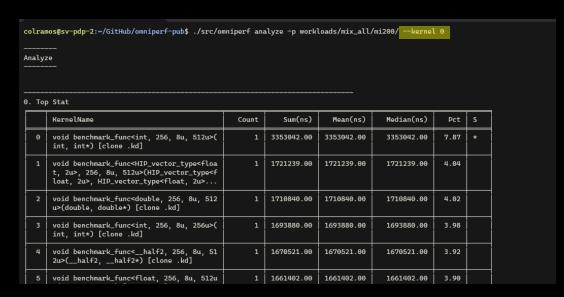
olramos@s	v-pdp-2:~/GitHub/omniperf-pub\$./src/omniperf analy	ze -p workloads/m	ix_all/mi200/	list-metrics	gfx90a
	Metric					
Θ	Top Stat					
1	System Info					
2.1.0	VALU_FLOPs					
2.1.1	VALU_IOPs					
2.1.2	MFMA_FLOPs_(BF16)					
2.1.3	MFMA_FLOPs_(F16)					
2.1.4	MFMA_FLOPs_(F32)					
2.1.5	MFMA_FLOPs_(F64)					
2.1.6	MFMA_IOPs_(Int8)					
2.1.7	Active_CUs					
2.1.8	SALU_Util					
2.1.9	VALU_Util					
2.1.10	MFMA_Util					
2.1.11	VALU_Active_Threads/Wave					
2 1 12	IDC - Issue					

Output from the --list-kernel and --list-metric options, showing top kernels and available metrics

omniperf analyze Arguments to Filter Kernels and GPUs

- List top kernels or view list of metrics
 - --list-kernels, --list-metrics
- Filter available kernels, dispatches, gpu-ids
 --kernel, --dispatch, --gpu-id

Note: the -k/--kernel flag takes an index given by --list-kernels in omniperf analyze, and aggregates stats by kernel name



Filtered output from the --kernel option isolating kernel at index 0



omniperf analyze Argument to Only Show Specific Statistics

- List top kernels or view list of metrics
 - --list-kernels, --list-metrics
- Filter available kernels, dispatches, gpu-ids
 - --kernel, --dispatch, --gpu-id
- Filter by metric id(s)
 - --metric



Filtering output to isolate data table at index 5



omniperf analyze Arguments to Change Units and Normalization

- List top kernels or view list of metrics
 - --list-kernels, --list-metrics
- Filter available kernels, dispatches, gpu-ids
 - --kernel, --dispatch, --gpu-id
- Filter by metric id(s)
 - --metric
- Change normalization unit, time unit, or decimal
 - --normal-unit, --time-unit, --decimal

7.2 Wavefront Runtime Stats								
Index	Metric	Avg	Min	Max	Unit			
7.2.0	Kernel Time (Nanosec)	255131.78	8480.00	3353042.00	Ns			
7.2.1	Kernel Time (Cycles)	416535.02	29084.00	5253061.00	Cycle			
7.2.2	Instr/wavefront	557.11	48.00	9300.00	Instr/wavefront			
7.2.3	Wave Cycles	18777.13	1848.52	258296.68	Cycles per wave			
7.2.4	Dependency Wait Cycles	2819.92	942.73	10169.97	Cycles per wave			
7.2.5	Issue Wait Cycles	14105.31	100.13	211703.70	Cycles per wave			
7.2.6	Active Cycles	2161.27	180.00	36172.00	Cycles per wave			
7.2.7	Wavefront Occupancy	2770.80	185.11	3224.96	Wavefronts			

Output showing the default normalization and time unit

omniperf analyze Arguments to Compare Workloads

Baseline Analysis

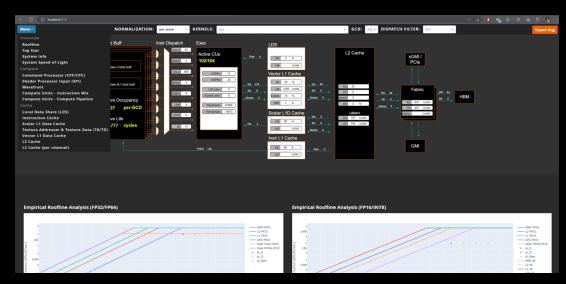
--path <workload1_path> --path <workload2_path>

Index	Speed-of-Light Metric	Value	Value	Unit	Peak	Peak	PoP	PoP
2.1.0	VALU FLOPs	7492.7178288728755	0.0 (-100.0%)	Gflop	22630.4	22630.4 (0.0%)	33.10908260071795	0.0 (-100.0%)
2.1.1	VALU IOPs	2326.1937250093497	398.91 (-82.85%)	Giop	22630.4	22630.4 (0.0%)	10.279065880449968	1.76 (-82.85%)
2.1.2	MFMA FLOPs (BF16)	0.0	0.0 (nan%)	Gflop	90521.6	90521.6 (0.0%)	0.0	0.0 (nan%)
2.1.3	MFMA FLOPs (F16)	0.0	0.0 (nan%)	Gflop	181043.2	181043.2 (0.0%)	0.0	0.0 (nan%)
2.1.4	MFMA FLOPs (F32)	0.0	0.0 (nan%)	Gflop	45260.8	45260.8 (0.0%)	0.0	0.0 (nan%)
2.1.5	MFMA FLOPs (F64)	0.0	0.0 (nan%)	Gflop	45260.8	45260.8 (0.0%)	0.0	0.0 (nan%)
2.1.6	MFMA IOPs (Int8)	0.0	0.0 (nan%)	Giop	181043.2	181043.2 (0.0%)	0.0	0.0 (nan%)
2.1.7	Active CUs	102	74.0 (-27.45%)	Cus	104	104.0 (0.0%)	98.07692307692308	71.15 (-27.45%)
2.1.8	SALU Util	2.6093901009614555	3.62 (38.57%)	Pct	100	100.0 (0.0%)	2.6093901009614555	3.62 (38.57%)
2.1.9	VALU Util	58.371669678115765	5.17 (-91.15%)	Pct	100	100.0 (0.0%)	58.371669678115765	5.17 (-91.15%)
2.1.10	MFMA Util	0.0	0.0 (nan%)	Pct	100	100.0 (0.0%)	0.0	0.0 (nan%)
2.1.11	VALU Active Threads/Wave	64.0	64.0 (0.0%)	Threads	64	64.0 (0.0%)	100.0	100.0 (0.0%)
2.1.12	IPC - Issue	1.0	1.0 (0.0%)	Instr/cycle	5	5.0 (0.0%)	20.0	20.0 (0.0%)
2.1.13	LDS BW	0.0	0.0 (nan%)	Gb/sec	22630.4	22630.4 (0.0%)	0.0	0.0 (nan%)
2.1.14	LDS Bank Conflict		0.0 (nan%)	Conflicts/access	32	32.0 (0.0%)		0.0 (nan%)
2.1.15	Instr Cache Hit Rate	99.99239800871251	99.91 (-0.08%)	Pct	100	100.0 (0.0%)	99.99239800871251	99.91 (-0.08%)
2.1.16	Instr Cache BW	1687.4579645653916	227.95 (-86.49%)	Gb/s	6092.8	6092.8 (0.0%)	27.695935605393114	3.74 (-86.49%)
2.1.17	Scalar L1D Cache Hit Rate	99.34855885851496	99.82 (0.47%)	Pct	100	100.0 (0.0%)	99.34855885851496	99.82 (0.47%)
2.1.18	Scalar L1D Cache BW	57.584644049561916	227.95 (295.85%)	Gb/s	6092.8	6092.8 (0.0%)	0.9451261168848792	3.74 (295.85%)
2.1.19	Vector L1D Cache Hit Rate	20.35928143712575	50.0 (145.59%)	Pct	100	100.0 (0.0%)	20.35928143712575	50.0 (145.59%)
2.1.20	Vector L1D Cache BW	1699.7181220813884	1823.61 (7.29%)	Gb/s	11315.199999999999	11315.2 (0.0%)	15.021547317602769	16.12 (7.29%)
2.1.21	L2 Cache Hit Rate	3.814906711045504	35.21 (822.95%)	Pct	100	100.0 (0.0%)	3.814906711045504	35.21 (822.95%)
2.1.22	L2-Fabric Read BW	1166.9922392326407	456.37 (-60.89%)	Gb/s	1638.4	1638.4 (0.0%)	71.2275536641016	27.85 (-60.89%)
2.1.23	L2-Fabric Write BW	6.623892610383628	320.42 (4737.3%)	Gb/s	1638.4	1638.4 (0.0%)	0.4042903204579851	19.56 (4737.3%)
2.1.24	L2-Fabric Read Latency	536.7282175696066	282.93 (-47.29%)	Cycles		0.0 (nan%)		0.0 (nan%)
2.1.25	L2-Fabric Write Latency	401.33373490590895	332.3 (-17.2%)	Cycles		0.0 (nan%)		0.0 (nan%)
2.1.26	Wave Occupancy	2770.796874555133	1848.05 (-33.3%)	Wavefronts	3328	3328.0 (0.0%)	83.25711762485373	55.53 (-33.3%)
2.1.27	Instr Fetch BW	405.02278909507197	0.0 (-100.0%)	Gb/s	3046.4	3046.4 (0.0%)	13.295128318509454	0.0 (-100.0%)
2.1.28	Instr Fetch Latency	18.298147264262635	21.37 (16.76%)	Cycles		0.0 (nan%)		0.0 (nan%)



omniperf analyze Argument to Launch Standalone GUI

- Baseline Analysis
 - --path <workload1_path> --path <workload2_path>
- Launch a standalone HTML page from terminal
 --gui <port>



The above webpage is launched when the --gui option is used



Terminal output from the --gui option with full port forwarding info





Key Insights from Omniperf Analyzer

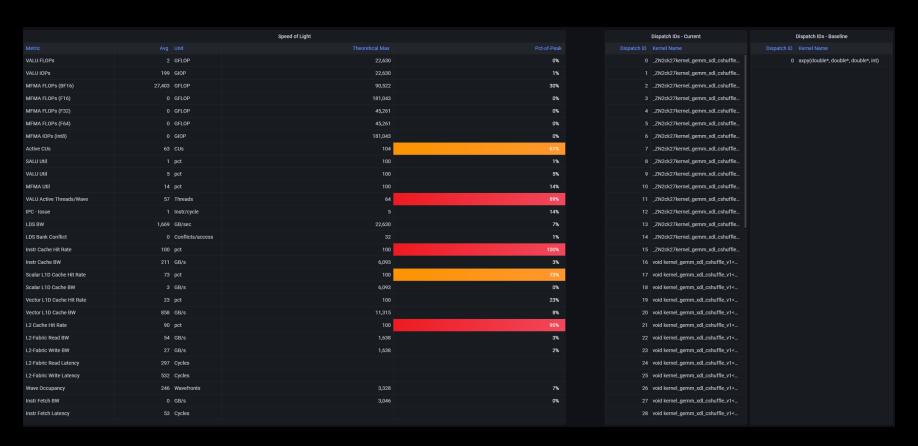
System Info

	· · ·
	em Info
Metric	Value
Date	Tue Nov 22 18:11:51 2022 (UTC)
App Command	./test_gemm_bf16 0 1 10000
Host Name	0d0b3c44fd0a
Host CPU	AMD EPYC 7402P 24-Core Processor
Host Distro	Ubuntu 20.04.5 LTS
Host Kernel	5.15.0-52-generic
ROCm Version	5.3.0-63
GFX SoC	mi200
GFX ID	gfx90a
Total SEs	8
Total SQCs	56
Total CUs	104
SIMDs/CU	4
Max Wavefronts Occupancy Per CU	32
Max Workgroup Size	1,024
L1Cache per CU (KB)	16
L2Cache (KB)	8,192
L2Cache Channels	32
Sys Clock (Max) - MHz	1,700
Memory Clock (Max) - MHz	1,600
Sys Clock (Cur) - MHz	800
Memory Clock (Cur) - MHz	1,600
UDM Dandwidth CD/a	1 690 /

Detailed system info for each app is collected by default LUMI Comprehensive Training



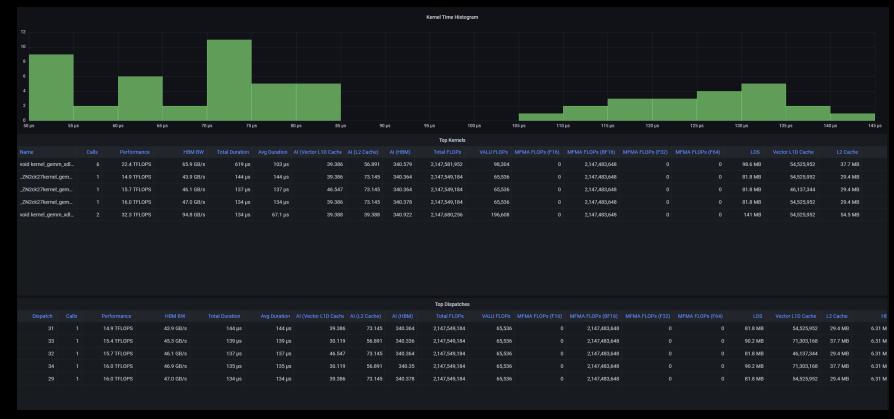
- System Info
- System Speed-of-Light



Calls attention to high level performance stats to preview overall application performance



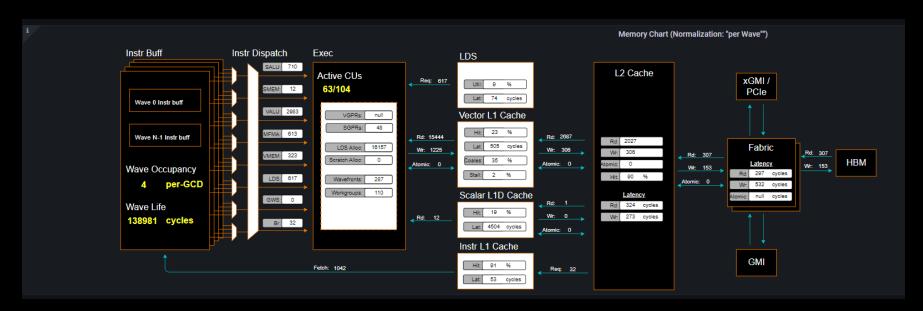
- System Info
- System Speed-of-Light
- Kernel Stats



Preview performance of top N kernels and individual kernel invocations (dispatches)



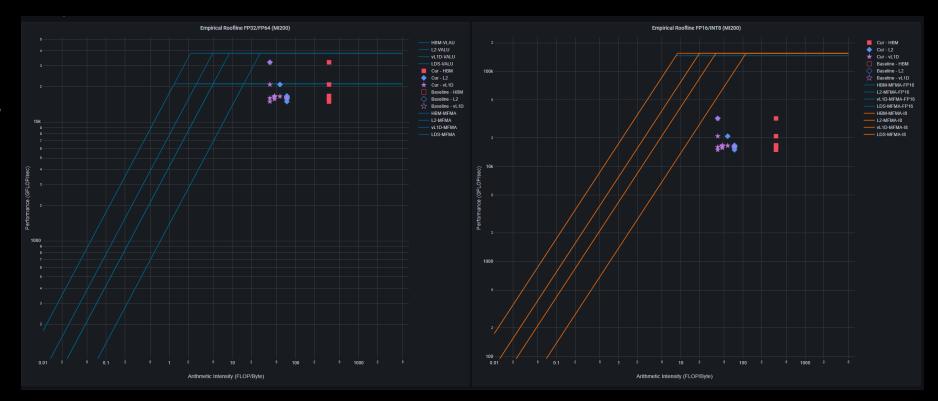
- System Info
- System Speed-of-Light
- Kernel Stats
- Memory Chart Analysis



Illustrate data movement and performance on key components of target architecture



- System Info
- System Speed-of-Light
- Kernel Stats
- Memory Chart Analysis
- Roofline Analysis

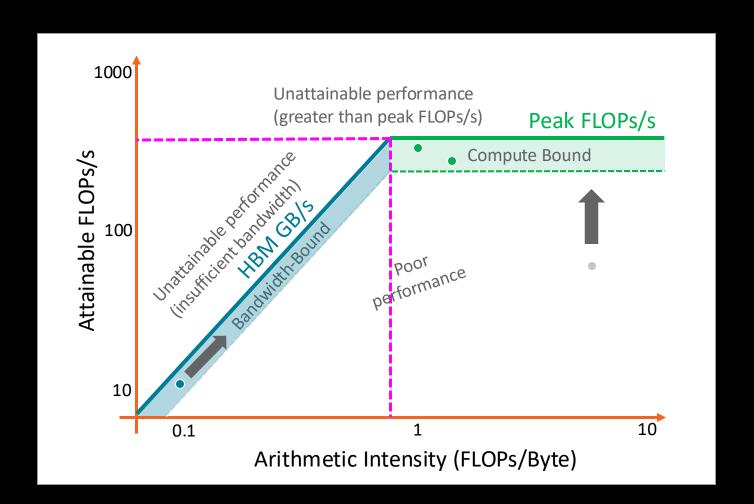


Derived Empirical Roofline analysis broken into two major instruction mixes. Showing application performance relative to measured maximum achievable performance

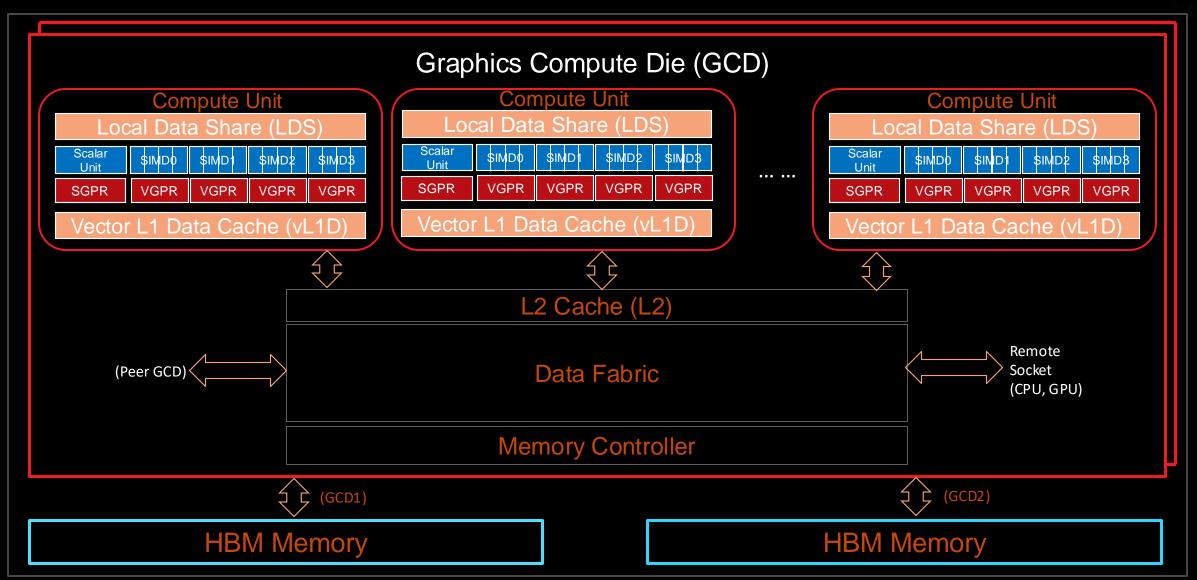


Background – What is roofline?

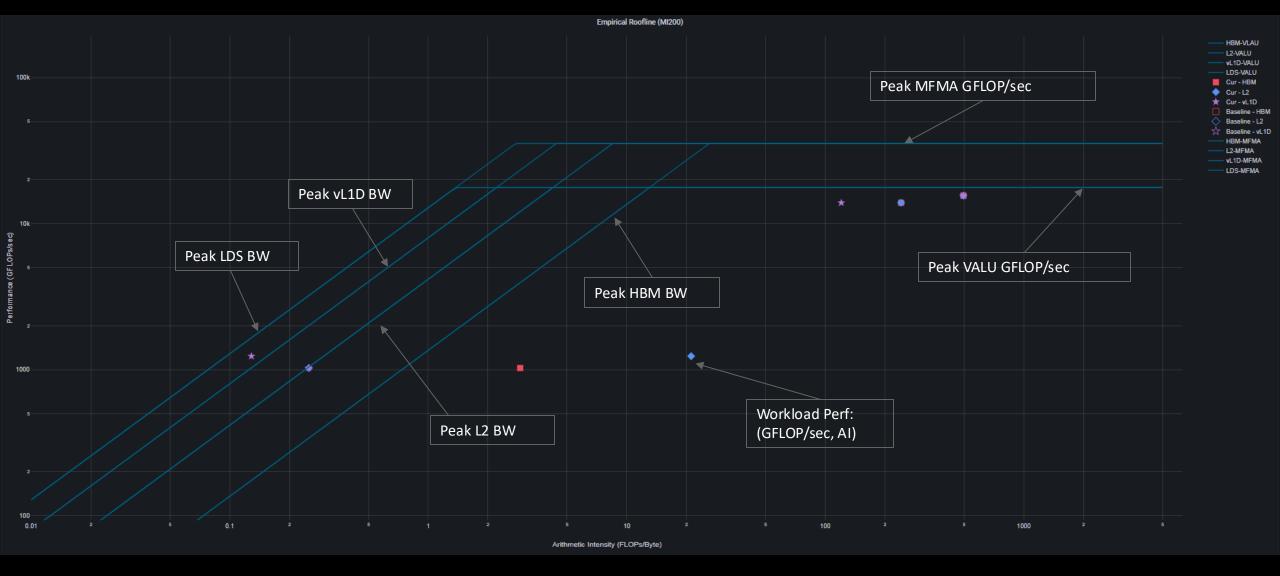
- Attainable FLOPs/s =
 - $min \begin{cases} Peak FLOPs/s \\ AI * Peak GB/s \end{cases}$
- Machine Balance:
 - Where $AI = \frac{Peak\ FLOPs/s}{Peak\ GB/s}$
- Five Performance Regions:
 - Unattainable Compute
 - Unattainable Bandwidth
 - Compute Bound
 - Bandwidth Bound
 - Poor Performance



Overview - AMD Instinct™ MI200 Architecture



Empirical Hierarchical Roofline on MI200 - Overview



Empirical Hierarchical Roofline on MI200 – Roofline Benchmarking

- Empirical Roofline Benchmarking
 - Measure achievable Peak FLOPS
 - VALU: F32, F64
 - MFMA: F16, BF16, F32, F64
 - Measure achievable Peak BW
 - LDS
 - Vector L1D Cache
 - L2 Cache
 - HBM
- Internally developed micro benchmark algorithms
 - Peak VALU FLOP: axpy
 - Peak MFMA FLOP: Matrix multiplication based on MFMA intrinsic
 - Peak LDS/vL1D/L2 BW: Pointer chasing
 - Peak HBM BW: Streaming copy

```
| Total detected GPU devices: 2
| GPU Device 0: Profiling... | Space |
```

Low level Metrics

Section Title	Comments				
Command Processor (CPC/CPF)	Packet processor data				
Shader Processor Input (SPI)	Connecting packet processor and CUs				
Wavefront Stats	Kernel launch stats				
Compute Unit – Instruction Mix	Breakdown of instructions issued				
Compute Unit – Compute Pipeline	Dreakdown of instructions issued				
Texture Addressor & Texture Data (TA/TD)	Fetch & receive reqs for lookup in vL1D RAM				
Local Data Share (LDS)					
Instruction Cache					
Scalar L1 Data Cache	Cache level stats				
Vector L1 Data Cache	Cache level stats				
L2 Cache					
L2 Cache (per channel)					

Tips for Long-Running Benchmarks

- Filtering by kernel name and metrics during omniperf profile will cut down on profiling time
 - omniperf profile -k "<kernel name>" filters a single kernel name
 - omniperf profile -k "<kernel1>" "<kernel2>" filters two kernel names.
 - Note: surrounding a kernel name in quotes allows spaces to appear in your kernel search string
 - Also Note: omniperf applies the wildcard automatically, so only a unique substring of kernel names are required
 - Finally, Note: omniperf analyze -k does not take a kernel name, but an index
 - Index to kernel name mapping is given by omniperf analyze --list-stats
- If you know which metrics you want to collect ahead of time, you can cut down how many rocprof runs are required
 - omniperf profile --block SQ SQC -n <workload name> -- ./benchmark.sh (SQC Shader Sequencer Controller)
 - omniperf profile --help displays all block strings you can filter by
 - Omniperf documentation: https://rocm.github.io/omniperf/performance_model.html Goes over some of the meaning behind lower-level hardware units and metrics.



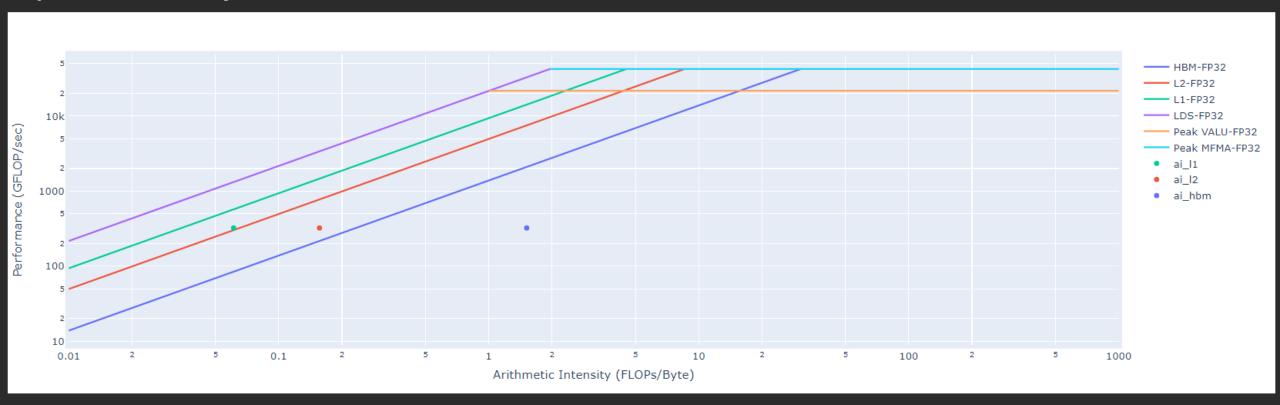
Example – DAXPY with a loop in the kernel

DAXPY – with a loop in the kernel

```
#include <hip/hip_runtime.h>
__constant__ double a = 1.0f;
__global__
void daxpy (int n, double const* x, int incx, double* y, int incy)
   int i = blockDim.x * blockIdx.x + threadIdx.x;
   if (i < n)
      for(int ll=0;ll<20;ll++) {
       y[i] = a*x[i] + y[i];
int main()
   int n = 1 << 24;
   std::size_t size = sizeof(double)*n;
   double* d_x;
   double *d_y;
   hipMalloc(&d_x, size);
   hipMalloc(&d_y, size);
    int num_groups = (n+255)/256;
    int group_size = 256;
    daxpy<<<num_groups, group_size>>>(n, d_x, 1, d_y, 1);
   hipDeviceSynchronize();
                     LUMI Comprehensive Training
```

Roofline

Empirical Roofline Analysis (FP32/FP64)



Performance: almost 330 GFLOPs



Oct 31st, 2024

Kernel execution time and L1D Cache Accesses

‡ KernelName	♦ Count	\$ Sum(ns)	Mean(ns)	<pre>\$ Median(ns)</pre>	≑ Pct
<pre>daxpy(int, double const*, int, double*, int) [clone .kd]</pre>	1.00	2024491.00	2024491.00	2024491.00	100.00

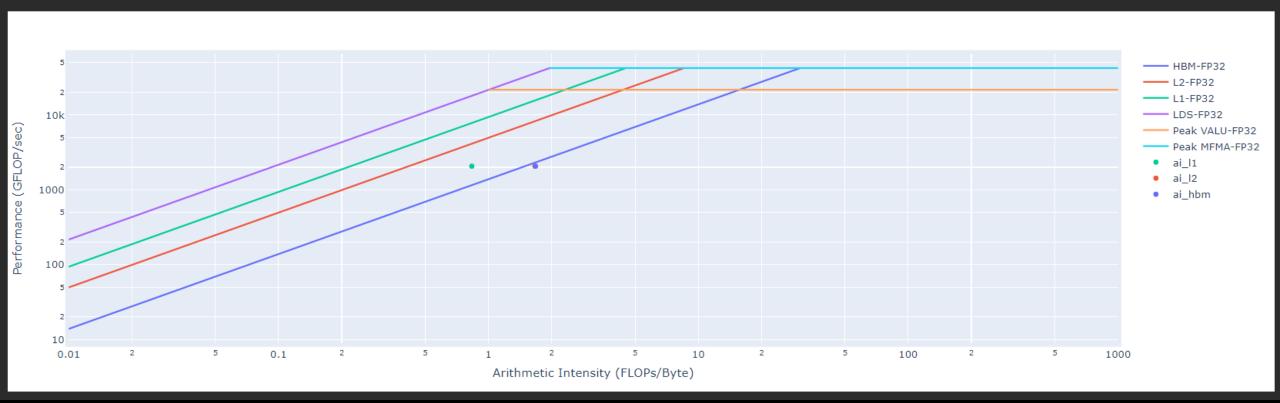


DAXPY – with a loop in the kernel - Optimized

```
#include <hip/hip_runtime.h>
__constant__ double a = 1.0f;
__global__
void daxpy (int n, double const* __restrict__ x, int incx, double* __restrict__ y, int incy)
    int i = blockDim.x * blockIdx.x + threadIdx.x;
    if (i < n)
       for(int ll=0;ll<20;ll++) {</pre>
       y[i] = a*x[i] + y[i];
int main()
    int n = 1 << 24:
    std::size_t size = sizeof(double)*n;
    double* d_x;
    double *d_y;
    hipMalloc(&d_x, size);
    hipMalloc(&d_y, size);
    int num_groups = (n+255)/256;
    int group_size = 256;
    daxpy<<<num_groups, group_size>>>(n, d_x, 1, d_y, 1);
    hipDeviceSynchronize();
```

Roofline - Optimized

Empirical Roofline Analysis (FP32/FP64)



Performance: almost 2 TFLOPs



Kernel execution time and L1D Cache Accesses - Optimized

‡ KernelName	Count	\$ Sum(ns)	♦ Mean(ns)	♦ Median(ns)	\$ Pct
daxpy(int, double const*, int, double*, int) [clone .kd]	1.00	323522.00	323522.00	323522.00	100.00

6.2 times faster!



Hands-on exercises

https://hackmd.io/@sfantao/lumi-training-ams-2024#Omniperf

We welcome you to explore our HPC Training Examples repo:

https://github.com/amd/HPCTrainingExamples

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A table of contents for the READMEs if available at the top-level **README** in the repo

Relevant exercises for this presentation located in **Omniperf** directory.

Link to instructions on how to run the tests: Omniperf/README.md and subdirectories



Questions?

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#