

# AMD Debugger: ROCgdb

Presenter: Sam Antao LUMI Comprehensive Training Oct 30th, 2024

> AMD together we advance\_

# Rocgdb

- AMD ROCm<sup>™</sup> source-level debugger for Linux<sup>®</sup>
- based on the GNU Debugger (GDB)
  - tracks upstream GDB master
  - standard GDB commands for both CPU and GPU debugging
- considered a prototype
  - focus on source line debugging
  - no symbolic variable debugging yet
- As GDB fork it can be used with other tools that use GDB as backend
- Exercises: <u>https://hackmd.io/@sfantao/lumi-training-ams-2024#Debugging</u>

# Simple saxpy kernel



# Cause a page fault

```
#include <hip/hip_runtime.h>
     \_constant_{float} a = 1.0f;
     __global__
     void saxpy(int n, float const* x, int incx, float* y, int incy)
         int i = blockDim.x*blockIdx.x + threadIdx.x;
         if (i < n)
             v[i] += a * x[i];
10
11
12
13
     int main()
14
15
         int n = 256;
16
         std::size_t size = sizeof(float)*n;
17
         float* d_x;
18
19
         float* d_y;
         // hipMalloc(&d_x, size);
         // hipMalloc(&d_y, size);
21
22
         int num_groups = 2;
         int group_size = 128;
24
         saxpy<<<<num_groups, group_size>>>>(n, d_x, 1, d_y, 1);
         hipDeviceSynchronize();
26
27
```

Could break it by forcing out of bounds read here by changing the index

Easer through commenting out the allocations. (also possible to initialize the pointers to nullptr)

It's important to synchronize before exit. Otherwise, the CPU thread may quit before the GPU gets a chance to report the error. Oct 30th, 2024 LUMI Comprehensive Training

4

# **Compilation with hipcc**

```
Need to set the target hardware
     #include <hip/hip_runtime.h>
                                                                              gfx906 – MI50, MI60, Radeon<sup>™</sup> 7
     __constant__ float a = 1.0f;
                                                                              gfx908 – MI100
                                                                           •
                                                                              gfx90a – MI200
     __global__
     void saxpy(int n, float const* x, int incx, float* y, int incy)
                                                                              gfx942 - MI300A
                                                                           •
         int i = blockDim.x*blockIdx.x + threadIdx.x;
         if (i < n)
                                                                           Can set multiple targets for different devices
            y[i] += a * x[i];
11
12
13
     int main()
14
        int n = 256;
16
        std::size_t size = sizeof(float)*n;
17
                                              saxpy$ hipcc --offload-arch=gfx90a -o saxpy saxpy.cpp
         float* d_x;
        float* d_y;
19
20
        // hipMalloc(&d_x, size);
        // hipMalloc(&d_y, size);
22
         int num_groups = 2;
24
         int group_size = 128;
         saxpy<<<<num_groups, group_size>>>(n,
        hipDeviceSynchronize();
27
28
```

### **Execution**

```
#include <hip/hip_runtime.h>
1
     __constant__ float a = 1.0f;
     __global__
     void saxpy(int n, float const* x, int incx, float* y, int incy)
         int i = blockDim.x*blockIdx.x + threadIdx.x;
         if (i < n)
             y[i] += a*x[i];
11
12
13
     int main()
14
         int n = 256;
                                               saxpy$ hipcc --offload-arch=gfx90a -o saxpy saxpy.cpp
         std::size_t size = sizeof(float)*n;
16
                                              saxpy$ ./saxpy
17
         float* d_x;
         float* d_y;
19
         // hipMalloc(&d_x, size);
21
         // hipMalloc(&d_y, size);
22
         int num_groups = 2;
24
         int group_size = 128;
         saxpy<<<num_groups, group_size>>>(n,
         hipDeviceSynchronize();
```

28

# Get a page fault

```
#include <hip/hip_runtime.h>
     __constant__ float a = 1.0f;
     __global__
     void saxpy(int n, float const* x, int incx, float* y, int incy)
         int i = blockDim.x*blockIdx.x + threadIdx.x;
         if (i < n)
            y[i] += a * x[i];
11
12
     int main()
13
14
                                               saxpy$ hipcc --offload-arch=gfx90a -o saxpy saxpy.cpp
         int n = 256;
                                               saxpy$ ./saxpy
         std::size_t size = sizeof(float)*n;
16
17
                                               Memory access fault by GPU node-2 (Agent handle: 0x2284d90) on address (nil). Reason: Unknown.
         float* d_x;
                                               Aborted (core dumped)
        float* d_y;
19
                                               saxpy$
         // hipMalloc(&d_x, size);
20
                                                             And BOOM, here is our expected memory violation
         // hipMalloc(&d_y, size);
22
         int num_groups = 2;
24
         int group_size = 128;
         saxpy<<<<num_groups, group_size>>>(n, d
        hipDeviceSynchronize();
27
28
```

# **Common gdb commands**

### Start GDB (GNU Debugger)

gdb <program> [core dump]
gdb –args <program> <args>
gdb -help

### Run commands

r[un] - Runs the program until a breakpoint or error
 c[ontinue] - Continues running the program until the next breakpoint or error

q[uit] or kill - Quits gdb

fin[ish] - Runs until current function or loop is finished

n[ext] - Runs the next line of the program

**n** N - Runs the next N lines of the program

**s[tep]** - Runs the next line of the program, stepping into any called routines **until N** - Runs until you get N lines after the current line

### **Breakpoint commands**

b[reakpoint] <where> - set breakpoint

**b main** - Puts a breakpoint at the beginning of the program

**b** - Puts a breakpoint at the current line

**b** N - Puts a breakpoint at line N

**b**+N - Puts a breakpoint N lines down from the current line

b fn - Puts a breakpoint at the beginning of function "fn"

b/w <where> if <condition – conditional breakpoint or watch i[nfo] b[reak] - list breakpoints dis[able] N - disable breakpoint number N en[able] N – enables breakpoint number N d[elete] N – delete breakpoint number N clear – clear all breakpoints

### Print commands

[h]elp <command>
[p]rint var - Prints the current value of the variable "var"
[l]ist – list lines
bt (backtrace) - Prints a stack trace

### Movement

up - Goes up a level in the stack[do]wn - Goes down a level in the stack

# **Execution with rocgdb**

```
#include <hip/hip_runtime.h>
     __constant__ float a = 1.0f;
     __global__
     void saxpy(int n, float const* x, int incx, float* y, int incy)
         int i = blockDim.x*blockIdx.x + threadIdx.x;
         if (i < n)
             y[i] += a * x[i];
11
12
13
     int main()
14
15
         int n = 256;
         std::size_t size = sizeof(float)*n;
16
17
         float* d_x;
                                                  saxpy$ rocgdb saxpy
         float* d_y;
19
         // hipMalloc(&d_x, size);
20
         // hipMalloc(&d_y, size);
21
22
         int num_groups = 2;
23
24
         int group_size = 128;
         saxpy<<<<num_groups, group_size>>>(n, d_
         hipDeviceSynchronize();
28
```

Remember to use rocgdb –args when passing arguments to program being debugged



### **Get more information**

```
#include <hip/hip_runtime.h>
                                                                                Reports segmentation fault in the saxpy kernel.
     \_constant_{float} a = 1.0f;
     __global
     void saxpy(int n, float const* x, int incx, float* y, int incy)
         int i = blockDim.x*blockIdx.x + threadIdx.x;
         if (i < n)
            y[i] += a * x[i];
10
11
12
13
     int main()
                                              (gdb) run
14
                                              Starting program: /home/gmarkoma/saxpy
         int n = 256;
         std::size_t size = sizeof(float)*n;
16
                                              [Thread debugging using libthread_db enabled]
17
                                              Using host libthread_db library "/lib64/libthread_db.so.1".
         float* d_x;
                                              [New Thread 0x7fffed428700 (LWP 10456)]
         float* d_y;
19
                                              Warning: precise memory violation signal reporting is not enabled, reported
         // hipMalloc(&d_x, size);
                                              location may not be accurate. See "show amdgpu precise-memory".
21
         // hipMalloc(&d_y, size);
22
         int num_groups = 2;
                                              Thread 3 "saxpy" received signal SIGSEGV, Segmentation fault.
24
         int group_size = 128;
                                              [Switching to thread 3, lane 0 (Amurphy Lane 1:2:1:1
                                                                                                           aita a al)]
         saxpy<<<<num_groups, group_size>>>(n,
                                              0x00007ffff7ec1094 in saxpy(int, float const*, int, float*, int) () from file:///home/gmarkoma/s
         hipDeviceSynchronize();
26
                                              axpy#offset=8192&size=13832
27
                                              (gdb)
28
```

# **Compile with -ggdb**

```
#include <hip/hip_runtime.h>
 1
     __constant__ float a = 1.0f;
     __global___
     void saxpy(int n, float const* x, int incx, float* y, int incy)
         int i = blockDim.x*blockIdx.x + threadIdx.x;
         if (i < n)
             y[i] += a*x[i];
10
11
12
13
     int main()
14
                                               saxpy$ hipcc -ggdb --offload-arch=gfx90a -o saxpy saxpy.cpp
         int n = 256;
         std::size_t size = sizeof(float)*n;
17
         float* d_x;
19
         float* d_y;
         // hipMalloc(&d_x, size);
         // hipMalloc(&d_y, size);
21
22
         int num_groups = 2;
         int group_size = 128;
24
         saxpy<<<num_groups, group_size>>>(n,
         hipDeviceSynchronize();
28
```

### Get more details

```
#include <hip/hip_runtime.h>
                                                                               more details
     \_constant_{float} a = 1.0f;
                                                                                   what kernel
     __global
     void saxpy(int n, float const* x, int incx, float* y, int incy)
                                                                                   what file:line
         int i = blockDim.x*blockIdx.x + threadIdx.x;
         if (i < n)
            y[i] += a * x[i];
10
11
12
     int main()
13
14
         int n = 256;
         std::size_t size = sizeof(float)*n;
16
                                               (gdb) run
17
                                               Starting program: /home/gmarkoma/saxpy
         float* d_x;
                                               [Thread debugging using libthread_db enabled]
19
         float* d_y;
                                               Using host libthread_db library "/lib64/libthread_db.so.1".
        // hipMalloc(&d_x, size);
                                               New Thread 0x7fffed428700 (LWP 10637)]
        // hipMalloc(&d_y, size);
21
22
                                               Warning: precise memory violation signal reporting is not enabled, reported
         int num_groups = 2;
                                               location may not be accurate. See "show amdgpu precise-memory".
24
         int group_size = 128;
         saxpy < < < num_groups, group_size>>> (n,
                                               Thread 3 "saxpy" received signal SIGSEGV, Segmentation fault.
        hipDeviceSynchronize();
                                               [Switching to thread 3, lane 0 (AMDGPU Lane 1:2;1:1/0 (0,0,0)[0,0,0])]
                                               0x00007ffff7ec1094 in saxpy () at saxpy.cpp:10
28
                                               10
                                                           y[i] + = a*x[i];
                                               (gdb)
```

### But where's my stack trace?

To get exceptions reported precisely: **set amdgpu precise-memory on** 

# List threads

1	<pre>#include <hip hip_runtime.h=""></hip></pre>		
2 3 4	<pre>constant float a = 1.0f;</pre>		What segfaulted is a GPU wave.
5	global		IL UDES HOL HAVE YOUR OF O SLACK.
6	<pre>void saxpy(int n, float const* x, int inc:</pre>	k, float∗ y, int incy)	l ist threads to see what's aning on
7	{		List threads to see what's going on.
8	<pre>int i = blockDim.x*blockIdx.x + thread</pre>	lldx.x;	
9	if (i < n)		
10	y[i] += a*x[i];		
11	}		
12			
13	int main()		
14			
15	int n = 256;		
10	<pre>std::size_t size = sizeof(float)*n;</pre>	(gdb) i th	
17	flast, d.m.	Tu Target Tu	Frame
18	float d x;	1 Thread 0x7ffff7fe	e6e80 (LWP 10633) 'saxpy" 0x00007fffee0fc499 in rocr::core::InterruptSign
19	IIOat* d_y;	al::WaitRelayed(bsa sign	mal condition t long unsigned long has wait state t) ()
20	// hipMalloc(&d_X, size);	from (opt/pocm_5 2 0)	Alib/lib/se-nuntime64 co 1
21	// hipmailoc(&d_y, size);		//IID/IID/Sa-Functime04.50.1
22	int num groups - 2:	2 Inread 0x/TTTEd42	28/00 (LWP 10637) "Saxpy" 0x0000/TTTTSe19/20 in 10Ctl ()
20	int  aroup  cize = 128	trom /lib64/libc so f	
27 25	$r_{100}$ group_size = 120, say $r_{100}$ groups group size $r_{100}$	* 3 AMDGPU Wave 1:2:1	1:1 (0,0,0)/0 "saxpy" 0x00007ffff7ec1094 in saxpy () at saxpy.cpp:10
26	bipDeviceSynchronize():	4 AMDGPU Wave 1:2:3	1:2 (0,0,0)/1 "saxpy" 0x00007ffff7ec1094 in saxpy () at saxpy.cpp:10
27	l	5 AMDGPU Wave 1:2:1	1:3 (1,0,0)/0 "saxpy" 0x00007ffff7ec1094 in saxpy () at saxpy.cpp:10
28		6 AMDGPU Wave 1:2:1	1:4 (1,0,0)/1 "saxpy" 0x00007ffff7ec1094 in saxpy () at saxpy.cpp:10
20		(gdb)	

## Switch to the CPU thread

```
#include <hip/hip_runtime.h>
     \_constant_{float} a = 1.0f;
     __global
     void saxpy(int n, float const* x, int incx, float* y, int incy)
         int i = blockDim.x*blockIdx.x + threadIdx.x;
         if (i < n)
            y[i] += a*x[i];
10
11
                                                                                 t 1
12
     int main()
13
                                                                                  (thread 1)
14
         int n = 256;
                                                                                 It's in the HSA runtime.
         std::size_t size = sizeof(float)*n;
17
         float* d_x;
         float* d_y;
19
         // hipMalloc(&d_x, size);
                                              (gdb) t 1
         // hipMalloc(&d_y, size);
21
                                              [Switching to thread 1 (Thread 0x7ffff7fe6e80 (LWP 10633))]
22
                                              #0 0x00007fffee0fc499 in rocr::core::InterruptSignal::WaitRelaxed(hsa_signal_condition_t, long,
         int num_groups = 2;
                                               unsigned long, hsa wait_state_t) () from /opt/rocm-5.2.0/lit/libhsa-runtime64.so.
         int group_size = 128;
24
                                              (gdb)
         saxpy < < < num_groups, group_size >>> (n,
        hipDeviceSynchronize();
28
```

#### But how did it get there?

### See the stack trace of the CPU thread

	The CPU thread is currently waiting on the device to finish 😊
	(gdb) where
	<pre>#0 0x00007fffee0fc499 in rocr::core::InterruptSignal::WaitRelaxed(hsa_signal_condition_t, lo ng, unsigned long, hsa_wait_state_t) () from /opt/rocm-5.2.0/lib/libhsa-runtime64.so.1 #1 0x00007fffee0fc36a in rocr::core::InterruptSignal::WaitAcquire(hsa_signal_condition_t_long_</pre>
HSA runtime	<pre>unsigned long, hsa_wait_state_t) () from /opt/rocm-5.2.0/lib/libhsa-runtime64.so.1 #2 0x00007fffee0f0869 in rocr::HSA::hsa_signal_wait_scacquire(hsa_signal_s, hsa_signal_conditio n t. long, unsigned long, hsa wait state t) () from /opt/rocm-5.2.0/lib/libhsa-runtime64.so.1</pre>
	<pre>#3 0x00007ffff67bdd43 in bool roc::WaitForSignal<false>(hsa_signal_s, bool) ()     from /opt/rocm-5.2.0/lib/libamdhip64.so.5 #4 0x00007ffff67b5836 in roc::VirtualGPU::HwQueueTracker::CpuWaitForSignal(roc::ProfilingSignal</false></pre>
	<pre>*) () from /opt/rocm-5.2.0/lib/libamdhip64.so.5 #5 0x00007ffff67b77cf in roc::VirtualGPU::releaseGpuMemoryFence(bool) () from /opt/rocm-5.2.0/lib/libamdhip64.so.5</pre>
HIP runtime	<pre>#6 0x00007ffff67b9523 in roc::VirtualGPU::flush(amd::Command*, bool) ()     from /opt/rocm-5.2.0/lib/libamdhip64.so.5 #7 0x00007ffff67b9db0 in roc::VirtualGPU::submitMarker(amd::Marker&amp;) ()</pre>
	<pre>from /opt/rocm-5.2.0/lib/libamdhip64.so.5 #8 0x00007ffff678ec2e in amd::Command::enqueue() () from /opt/rocm-5.2.0/lib/libamdhip64.so.5 #9 0x00007ffff678f1e0 in amd::Event::notifyCmdQueue(bool) () from /opt/rocm-5.2.0/lib/libamdhip64.so.5</pre>
	<pre>#10 0x00007ffff678f28c in amd::Event::awaitCompletion() () from /opt/rocm-5.2.0/lib/libamdhip64.so.5 #11 0x00007ffff6791fdc_in_amd::HostQueue::finish() () from /opt/rocm-5.2.0/lib/libamdhip64.so.5</pre>
	<pre>#12 0x00007ffff65c25f9 in hipDeviceSynchronize () from /opt/rocm-5.2.0/lib/libamdhip64.so.5 #13 0x00000000000000015 in main () at saxpy.cpp:25 (gdb)</pre>

### **Quick tip**

- CPUs on LUMI nodes have 64 cores / 128 threads.
- If you're debugging an app with OpenMP threading and OMP\_NUM\_THREADS is not set you will see 128 CPU threads in rocgdb.
- Set OMP\_NUM\_THREADS=1 when debugging GPU codes that don't have CPU specific OpenMP regions
- For debugging with MPI, attach rocgdb to individual MPI processes

### **Breakpoints – Common pitfalls**

We try to put a breakpoint in line 22 but it is declared as line 24. --Type <RET> for more, q to quit, c to continue without paging--For help, type "help". Type "apropos word" to search for commands related to "word"... Reading symbols from saxpy... (gdb) b saxpy.cpp:22 Breakpoint 1 at 0x20d57f: file saxpy.cpp, line 24. (gdb) \_

# Simple saxpy kernel – Where is our code?

```
#include <hip/hip_runtime.h>
     __constant__ float a = 1.0f;
     __global__
     void saxpy(int n, float const* x, int incx, float* y, int incy)
         int i = blockDim.x*blockIdx.x + threadIdx.x;
         if (i < n)
             y[i] += a*x[i];
11
12
     int main()
14
         int n = 256;
         std::size_t size = sizeof(float)*n;
16
17
         float* d_x;
         float* d_y;
19
20
         hipMalloc(&d_x, size);
         hipMalloc(&d_y, size);
         int num_groups = 2;
20
24
         int group_size = 128;
         saxpy << < num_groups, group_size >>> (n, d_x, 1, d_y, 1);
         hipDeviceSynchronize();
28
```

# Breakpoints – If possible, debug with optimization turned off

We try to put a breakpoint in line 22 but it is declared as line 24.	<pre>Type <ret> for more, q to quit, c to continue without pagingFor help, type "help". Type "apropos word" to search for commands related to "word" Reading symbols from saxpy (gdb) b saxpy.cpp:22 Breakpoint 1 at 0x20d57f: file saxpy.cpp, line 24. (gdb) _</ret></pre>
Default compiler optimization for hipcc is – O3, compile with –O0	saxpy\$ hipcc -ggdb -00 -offload-arch=gfx90a -o saxpy saxpy.cpp
Creating a breakpoint again and it is declared in the correct line	Type <ret> for more, q to quit, c to continue without pagingFor help, type "help". Type "apropos word" to search for commands related to "word" Reading symbols from saxpy (gdb) b saxpy.cpp:22 Breakpoint 1 at 0x219dec: file saxpy.cpp, line 22. (gdb) _</ret>

### **Running and architecture**

Running with the keystroke *r* and stops at the breakpoint

More information about the thread with the command *i th* 

We can see on what device is the thread with the **show architecture** command --Type <RET> for more, q to quit, c to continue without paging--For help, type "help". Type "apropos word" to search for commands related to "word"... Reading symbols from saxpy... (gdb) b saxpy.cpp:22 Breakpoint 1 at 0x219dec: file saxpy.cpp, line 22. (gdb) r Starting program. /nome/gmarkoma/saxpy [Thread debugging using libthread\_db enabled] Using host libthread\_db library "/lib64/libthread\_db.so.1". [New Thread 0x7fffed428700 (LWP 16916)] Thread 1 "saxpy" hit Breakpoint 1, main () at saxpy.cpp:22 (gdb) \_

(gdb)	i th						
Id	Target	Id				Frame	
* 1	Thread	0x7ffff7fe6e80	(LWP	16912)	"saxpy"	<pre>main () at saxpy.cpp:22</pre>	
2	Thread	0x7fffed428700	(LWP	16916)	"saxpy"	0x00007ffff5e1972b in ioctl ()	<pre>from /lib64/libc.so.6</pre>
(gdb)	-						



### **Breakpoint kernel and architecture**

Breakpoint on the kernel called saxpy with the command **b** saxpy

(gdb)	b saxpy										
Eupet		not dof	inod								
Funct.	ton saxpy	not dei	Ineu.								
Make	breakpoint	pending	on future	shared	librarv	load?	(v or	[n])	vBreakpoint	2 (saxpv)	pending.
	· · · · ·				-			/	2	× 137	
(gab)											

# You can continue with he command *c*

(gdb)	С		
Conti	nuin	g.	

[New Thread 0x7fffdefff700 (LWP 16937)] [New Thread 0x7fffecaff700 (LWP 16938)] [Thread 0x7fffdefff700 (LWP 16937) exited] [Switching to thread 5, lane 0 (AMDGPU Lane 1:2:1:1/0 (0,0,0)[0,0,0])]

Thread 5 "saxpy" hit Breakpoint 2, with lanes [0-63], saxpy (n=256, x=0x7fffec700000, incx=1, y=0x7fffec701000, incy=1) at saxpy.cpp:9

We can see on what device is the thread with the command *show architecture* 

### (gdb) show architecture The target architecture is set to "auto" (currently "amdgcn:gfx90a")

### "GUIs"

### rocgdb -tui saxpy

saxp	у.срр	p-	]					
	1	L #include "hip/hip_runtime.h"						
	2	2 #include <stdio.h></stdio.h>						
	3							
	4	<pre>constant_ float a = 1.0f;</pre>						
	5							
}	6	5global						
0	7	void saxpy(int n, float const* x, int incx, float* y, int incy)						
	8	3 {						
	9	<pre>int i = blockIdx.x*blockDim.x + threadIdx.x;</pre>						
$\rightarrow$	10	<pre>if (i &lt; n) y[i] = a*x[i] + y[i];</pre>						
	11							
	12							
int ma	in13	3						
	14	• {						
	15	5 int n = 256;						
	16	5 std::size_t size = sizeof(float)*n;						
	17							
	18	3 float *d_x, *d_y;						
	19	) //hipMalloc(&d_x, size);	Ų,					
	20	) //hipMalloc(&d_y, size);	С,					
	21							
	22	2 int num_groups= 2;	5					
	23	3 int group_size=128;						
	24	saxpy<< <num_groups,group_size>&gt;&gt;(n, d_x, 1, d_y, 1);</num_groups,group_size>						
amd-db	gapi	AMDGPU Wave 1:2:1:1 In: saxpy L10	PC: 0x7ffff7ec1094					
Type "	aprop	opos word" to search for commands related to "word"						
Readin	g sym	mbols from saxpy						
(gdb)	run							
Starti	ng pr	program: /home/gmarkoma/saxpy						
[Threa	d deb	ebugging using libthread_db_enabled]						
Using	host	: libthread db library "/lib64/libthread db.so.1".						
[New T	New Thread 0x7fffed428700 (LNP 11074)]							
Warnin	rning: precise memory violation signal reporting is not enabled, reported							
locati	cation may not be accurate. See "show amdgpu precise-memory".							
Thread	3 "s	'saxov" received signal SIGSEGV. Segmentation fault.						
Switc	witching to thread 3. Jane 0 (AMRGRU Jane 1:2:1:110 (0.0 A)[0.0 A)[0.1							
	10007ffffec1094 in saxpy () at saxpy.cpp:10							

Thread 3 "saxpy" received signal SIGSEGV, Segmentation fault. [Switching to thread 3, lane 0 (AMDGPU Lane 1:2:1:1/0 (0,0,0)[0,0,0])] 3x00007ffff7ec1094 in saxpy () at saxpy.cpp:10 (gdb)

### cgdb -d rocgdb saxpy



[35;1mGNU gdb (rocm-rel-4.5-56) 11.1[m Copyright (C) 2021 Free Software Foundation, Inc. License GPLv3+: GNU GPL version 3 or later <http://gnu.org/licenses/gpl.html> This is free software: you are free to change and redistribute it. There is NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by law Type "show copying" and "show warranty" for details. This GDB was configured as "x86\_64-pc-linux-gnu" Type "show configuration" for configuration details. For bug reporting instructions, please see: <https://github.com/ROCm-Developer-Tools/ROCgdb/issues> Find the GDB manual and other documentation resources online at: <http://www.gnu.org/software/gdb/documentation/>

For help, type "help" Type "apropos word" to search for commands related to "word"... Reading symbols from [32m./saxpy[m.. [?2004h(gdb)



together we advance\_

### breakpoint in CPU code

1	Load Binary /mnt/shared/codes/saxpy/saxpy	
	show filesystem fetch disassembly reload file jump to line /mnt/shared/codes/saxpy/saxpy.hip.cpp:22 (27 lines total)	
rocgdb + gdbgui	<pre>1 #include <hip hip_runtime.h=""> 2 3constant float a = 1.0f; 4 5global 6 void saxpy(int n, float const* x, float* y) 7 { 8     int i = blockDim.x*blockIdx.x + threadIdx.x; 9     if (i &lt; n) 10         y[i] += a*x[i]; </hip></pre>	
	<pre>11 } 12 13 int main() 14 { 15     int n = 256; 16     std::size_t size = sizeof(float)*n; 17 18     float* d_x; 19     float* d_y; 20     hipMalloc(&amp;d x, size);</pre>	
eakpoint in CPU code	<pre>21 hipMalloc(&amp;d_y, size); 22 23 int num_groups = 2; 24 int group_size = 128; 25 saxpy&lt;&lt;<num_groups, group_size="">&gt;&gt;&gt;(n, d_x, d_y); 26 } 27 (end of file)</num_groups,></pre>	Source
	<pre>running command: /opt/rocm/bin/rocgdb GNU gdb (rocm-rel-4.5-56) 11.1 Copyright (C) 2021 Free Software Foundation, Inc. License GPLv3+: GNU GPL version 3 or later <http: gnu.org="" gpl.html="" licenses=""> This is free software: you are free to change and redistribute it. There is NO WARANTY, to the extent permitted by law. Type "show copying" and "show warranty" for details. This GDB was configured as "x86_64-pc-linux-gnu". Type "show configuration" for configuration details. For bug reporting instructions, please see: <https: github.com="" issues="" rocgdb="" rocm-developer-tools="">. Find the GDB manual and other documentation resources online at:     <http: documentation="" gdb="" software="" www.gnu.org=""></http:>.</https:></http:></pre>	2hSOLA
Oct 30th, 2024	For help, type "help". Type "apropos word" to search UMIc Gemprehensive "Training	S

For help, type "help". Type "apropos word" to sear de UMIc Comprehensive "Training New UI allocated (gdb)



typically described as

- a 16-way SIMD unit
- with 64KB of registers

# scheduler scalar unit Local Data Share (64KB) scalar registers (8KB) L1 cache (16KB)

typically described as

- a 16-way SIMD unit
- with 64KB of registers

from the standpoint of rocGDB

- a core
- executing up to 10 threads
- with vector length of 64 lanes
- and containing 256 vector **registers**

### List threads / waves

	(gdb) i th
	Id Target Id Frame
i th	1 Thread 0x7ffff7fe6e80 (LWP 16912) "saxpy" 0x00007fffee0fc4c0 in rocr::core::InterruptSignal:
(info threads)	t) () from /opt/rocm-5.2.0/lib/libhsa-runtime64.so.1
some CBU threads	2 Thread 0x7fffed428700 (LWP 16916) "saxpy" 0x00007ffff5e1972b in ioctl () from /lib64/libc.so
some CPU threads	4 Thread 0x7fffecaff700 (LWP 16938) "saxpy" 0x00007fffee0fc4af in rocr::core::InterruptSignal:
	t) () from /opt/rocm-5.2.0/lib/libhsa-runtime64.so.1
	* 5 AMDGPU Wave 1:2:1:1 (0,0,0)/0 "saxpy" saxpy (n=256, x=0x7fffec700000, incx=1, y=0x7fffec7
	6 AMDGPU Wave 1:2:1:2 (0,0,0)/1 "saxpy" saxpy (n=256, x=0x7fffec700000, incx=1, y=0x7fffec7
4 GPU "threads" (waves)	7 AMDGPU Wave 1:2:1:3 (1,0,0)/0 "saxpy" saxpy (n=256, x=0x7fffec700000, incx=1, y=0x7fffec7
	8 AMDGPU Wave 1:2:1:4 (1,0,0)/1 "saxpy" saxpy (n=256, x=0x7fffec700000, incx=1, y=0x7fffec7

# Wave details

agent-id:queue-id:dispatch-num:wave-id (work-group-x,work-group-y,work-group-z)/work-group-thread-index



### More advanced things you can do

- inspect / modify registers
- inspect / modify memory
- inspect / modify LDS
- step through the assembly one instruction at a time
- Check race conditions by stepping code in separate GPU waves

# List agents

info agents

shows devices + properties





### List queues

info queues

shows HSA queues



### **Dispatch details**

info dispatches

shows kernel dispatches



# AMD\_LOG\_LEVEL=3

:3:devprogram.cpp :2978: 157529658660 us: 224178: [tid:0x7f59c7439e80] For Init/Fini: Kernel Name: Z5saxpviPKfiPfi :3:hip\_module.cpp :365 : 157529658684 us: 224178: [tid:0x7f59c7439e80] ihipModuleLaunchKernel ( 0x0x12e9720, 256, 1, 1, 128, 1, 1, 0, stream:<null>, 0x7fff94e2e07 0, char array:<null>, event:0, event:0, 0, 0 ) :3:rocdevice.cpp :2686: 157529658695 us: 224178: [tid:0x7f59c7439e80] number of allocated hardware queues with low priority: 0, with normal priority: 0, with hig h priority: 0, maximum per priority is: 4 :2757: 157529663975 us: 224178: [tid:0x7f59c7439e80] created hardware queue 0x7f59c72f4000 with size 4096 with priority 1, cooperative: 0 :3:rocdevice.cpp :3:devprogram.cpp :2675: 157529852150 us: 224178: [tid:0x7f59c7439e80] Using Code Object V4. :3:devprogram.cpp :2978: 157529853058 us: 224178: [tid:0x7f59c7439e80] For Init/Fini: Kernel Name: amd rocclr fillImage :3:devprogram.cpp :2978: 157529853065 us: 224178: [tid:0x7f59c7439e80] For Init/Fini: Kernel Name: \_\_amd\_rocclr\_fillBufferAligned2D :3:devprogram.cpp :2978: 157529853070 us: 224178: [tid:0x7f59c7439e80] For Init/Fini: Kernel Name: \_\_amd\_rocclr\_fillBufferAligned :3:devprogram.cpp :2978: 157529853076 us: 224178: [tid:0x7f59c7439e80] For Init/Fini: Kernel Name: \_\_amd\_rocclr\_copyImage1DA :2978: 157529853080 us: 224178: [tid:0x7f59c7439e80] For Init/Fini: Kernel Name: amd rocclr copyBufferAligned :3:devprogram.cpp :3:devprogram.cpp :2978: 157529853084 us: 224178: [tid:0x7f59c7439e80] For Init/Fini: Kernel Name: amd rocclr streamOpsWait :2978: 157529853087 us: 224178: [tid:0x7f59c7439e80] For Init/Fini: Kernel Name: amd rocclr copyBuffer :3:devprogram.cpp For Init/Fini: Kernel Name: \_\_amd\_rocclr\_streamOpsWrite :3:devprogram.cpp :2978: 157529853091 us: 224178: [tid:0x7f59c7439e80] :3:devprogram.cpp :2978: 157529853094 us: 224178: [tid:0x7f59c7439e80] For Init/Fini: Kernel Name: amd rocclr copyBufferRectAligned For Init/Fini: Kernel Name: \_\_amd\_rocclr gwsInit :3:devprogram.cpp :2978: 157529853096 us: 224178: [tid:0x7f59c7439e80] :3:devprogram.cpp :2978: 157529853099 us: 224178: [tid:0x7f59c7439e80] For Init/Fini: Kernel Name: amd rocclr copyBufferRect :3:devprogram.cpp :2978: 157529853101 us: 224178: [tid:0x7f59c7439e80] For Init/Fini: Kernel Name: \_\_amd\_rocclr\_copyImageToBuffer For Init/Fini: Kernel Name: \_\_\_\_amd\_rocclr\_copyBufferToImage :3:devprogram.cpp :2978: 157529853105 us: 224178: [tid:0x7f59c7439e80] :3:devprogram.cpp :2978: 157529853108 us: 224178: [tid:0x7f59c7439e80] For Init/Fini: Kernel Name: amd rocclr copyImage :3:rocvirtual.cpp Arg0: = val:256 :753 : 157529853195 us: 224178: [tid:0x7f59c7439e80] :3:rocvirtual.cpp = ptr:0x7f59bbb00000 obj:[0x7f59bbb00000-0x7f59bbb00400] :679 : 157529853200 us: 224178: [tid:0x7f59c7439e80] Arg1: :3:rocvirtual.cpp :753 : 157529853205 us: 224178: [tid:0x7f59c7439e80] Arg2: = val:1 :3:rocvirtual.cpp :679 : 157529853209 us: 224178: [tid:0x7f59c7439e80] Arg3: = ptr:0x7f59bbb01000 obj:[0x7f59bbb01000-0x7f59bbb01400] Arg4: = val:1 :3:rocvirtual.cpp :753 : 157529853213 us: 224178: [tid:0x7f59c7439e80] ShaderName : \_Z5saxpyiPKfiPfi :3:rocvirtual.cpp :2723: 157529853216 us: 224178: [tid:0x7f59c7439e80] :3:hip\_platform.cpp :676 : 157529853233 us: 224178: [tid:0x7f59c7439e80] ihipLaunchKernel: Returned hipSuccess : :3:hip module.cpp hipLaunchKernel: Returned hipSuccess : :509 : 157529853237 us: 224178: [tid:0x7f59c7439e80] :3:hip device runtime.cpp :476 : 157529853243 us: 224178: [tid:0x7f59c7439e80] nipDeviceSynchronize ( :3:rocdevice.cpp :2636: 157529853248 us: 224178: [tid:0x7f59c7439e80] No HW event :3:rocvirtual.hpp Host active wait for Signal = (0x7f59c7442600) for -1 ns :62 : 157529853255 us: 224178: [tid:0x7f59c7439e80] :3:hip\_device\_runtime.cpp :488 : 157529853267 us: 224178: [tid:0x7f59c7439e80] hipDeviceSynchronize: Returned hipSuccess : ipFree ( 0x7f59bbb00000 :3:hip\_memory.cpp :536 : 157529853279 us: 224178: [tid:0x7f59c7439e80] :3:rocdevice.cpp :2093: 157529853291 us: 224178: [tid:0x7f59c7439e80] device=0x12d34f0, freeMem\_ = 0xfefffc00 :3:hip\_memory.cpp :538 : 157529853296 us: 224178: [tid:0x7f59c7439e80] hipFree: Returned hipSuccess : :3:hip memory.cpp :536 : 157529853300 us: 224178: [tid:0x7f59c7439e80] nipFree ( 0x7f59bbb01000 ) :3:rocdevice.cpp :2093: 157529853306 us: 224178: [tid:0x7f59c7439e80] device=0x12d34f0, freeMem = 0xff000000 :538 : 157529853310 us: 224178: [tid:0x7f59c7439e80] hipFree: Returned hipSuccess : :3:hip memory.cpp :2978: 157529853333 us: 224178: [tid:0x7f59c7439e80] For Init/Fini: Kernel Name: Z5saxpyiPKfiPfi :3:devprogram.cpp

Oct 30th, 2024

### How to use rocgdb + gdbgui + Chrome

### test if X forwarding works

ssh -X USERNAME@server
ssh -X login1.\_\_\_\_\_.olcf.ornl.gov
srun -A VEN113 -N 1 -n 1 -c 64 --x11 --pty bash
xmessage -center hello!

### install gdbgui

python3 -m pip install --user pipx
python3 -m userpath append ~/.local/bin
pipx install gdbgui

### install Chrome

- Go to https://www.google.com/chrome/
- Click Download Chrome
- Click 64 bit .rpm (For Fedora/openSUSE)
- Click Accept and Install
- scp google-chrome-stable\_current\_x86\_64.rpm USERNAME@home.ccs.ornl.gov:
- ssh -X USERNAME@home.ccs.ornl.gov
- mkdir ~/chrome
- cd ~/chrome

```
rpm2cpio ../google-chrome-stable_current_x86_64.rpm | cpio -id
```

### run rocgdb with gdbgui in Chrome

ssh -X USERNAME@home.ccs.ornl.gov ssh -X login1.\_\_\_\_\_.olcf.ornl.gov srun -A VEN113 -N 1 -n 1 -c 64 --x11 --pty bash gdbgui -g /opt/rocm/bin/rocgdb --no-browser & ~/chrome/opt/google/chrome/google-chrome 2>/dev/null &

- In Chrome, go to: http://127.0.0.1:5000
- Click Load Binary to load your binary (compiled with -ggdb)
- Step into a kernel

ni

. . .

• Click fetch disassembly show architecture info threads info queues info dispatches info registers info reg vcc info reg vcc s si n

### More resources for rocgdb

- /opt/rocm<-version>/share/doc/rocgdb/
  - rocgdb.pdf -- has additions for GPU commands
  - rocrefcard.pdf -- standard gdb reference card
- Presentations
  - <u>https://www.olcf.ornl.gov/wp-content/uploads/2021/04/rocgdb\_hipmath\_ornl\_2021\_v2.pdf</u> -- Justin Chang (AMD)
  - https://lpc.events/event/11/contributions/997/attachments/928/1828/LPC2021-rocgdbdemo.pdf Andrew Stubbs (Siemens) – See <u>https://youtu.be/IGWFph4SIpU</u> for 24 min video from presentation of debugging GCC offloading code (OpenACC and OpenMP)

### Hands-on exercises

### https://hackmd.io/@sfantao/lumi-training-ams-2024#Debugging

We welcome you to explore our HPC Training Examples repo: <u>https://github.com/amd/HPCTrainingExamples</u>

A table of contents for the READMEs if available at the top-level **README** in the repo

Relevant exercises for this presentation located in **Rocgdb** directory.

Link to instructions on how to run the tests: **<u>Rocgdb/README.md</u>** and subdirectories

# Disclaimer

The information presented in this document is for informational purposes only and may contain technical inaccuracies, omissions, and typographical errors. The information contained herein is subject to change and may be rendered inaccurate for many reasons, including but not limited to product and roadmap changes, component and motherboard version changes, new model and/or product releases, product differences between differing manufacturers, software changes, BIOS flashes, firmware upgrades, or the like. Any computer system has risks of security vulnerabilities that cannot be completely prevented or mitigated. AMD assumes no obligation to update or otherwise correct or revise this information. However, AMD reserves the right to revise this information and to make changes from time to time to the content hereof without obligation of AMD to notify any person of such revisions or changes.

THIS INFORMATION IS PROVIDED 'AS IS." AMD MAKES NO REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES WITH RESPECT TO THE CONTENTS HEREOF AND ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY INACCURACIES, ERRORS, OR OMISSIONS THAT MAY APPEAR IN THIS INFORMATION. AMD SPECIFICALLY DISCLAIMS ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF NON-INFRINGEMENT, MERCHANTABILITY, OR FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE. IN NO EVENT WILL AMD BE LIABLE TO ANY PERSON FOR ANY RELIANCE, DIRECT, INDIRECT, SPECIAL, OR OTHER CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES ARISING FROM THE USE OF ANY INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN, EVEN IF AMD IS EXPRESSLY ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES.

AMD, the AMD Arrow logo, ROCm, Radeon and combinations thereof are trademarks of Advanced Micro Devices, Inc. Other product names used in this publication are for identification purposes only and may be trademarks of their respective companies.

The OpenMP name and the OpenMP logo are registered trademarks of the OpenMP Architecture Review Board. Linux is the registered trademark of Linus Torvalds in the U.S. and other countries.

© 2022 Advanced Micro Devices, Inc. All rights reserved.